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## How to manage your weight without being hungry



##  Without eating less?

Have you tried to lose weight by cutting down the amount of food you eat? Do you end up feeling hungry and not satisfied? Or have you avoided trying to lose weight because you're afraid of feeling hungry all the time? If so, you are not alone. Many people throw in the towel on weight loss because they feel deprived and hungry when they eat less. But there is another way. Aim for a slow, steady weight loss by decreasing calorie intake while maintaining an adequate nutrient intake and increasing physical activity. You can cut calories without eating less nutritious food. The key is to eat foods that will fill you up without eating a large amount of calories.

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Research shows that people get full by the amount of food they eat, not the number of calories they take in. You can cut calories in your favorite foods by lowering the amount of fat and/or increasing the amount of fiber-rich ingredients, such as vegetables or fruit.
Let's take macaroni and cheese as an example. The original recipe uses whole milk, butter, and full-fat cheese. This recipe has about 540 calories in one serving (l cup).

540 calories


## Here's how to remake this recipe:

- Use 2 cups non-fat milk instead of 2 cups whole milk.
- Use 8 ounces light cream cheese instead of $21 / 4$ cups full-fat cheddar cheese.
- Use I tablespoon butter instead of 2 or use 2 tablespoons of soft trans-fat free margarine.
- Add about 2 cups of fresh spinach and I cup diced tomatoes (or any other veggie you like).

Your redesigned mac and cheese now has 315 calories in one serving (I cup). You can eat the same amount of mac and cheese with 225 fewer calories.


## 315 calories



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In order to be able to cut calories without eating less and feeling hungry, you need to replace some higher calorie foods with foods that are lower in calories and fat and will fill you up. In general, this means foods with lots of water and fiber in them. The chart below will help you make smart food choices that are part of a healthy eating plan.

## These foods will fill you up with less calories. Choose them more often...

## Fruits and vegetables <br> (prepared without added fat)

Spinach, broccoli, tomato, carrots, watermelon, berries, apples

Low-fat and fat-free milk products
Low- or fat-free milk, low or fat-free yogurt, low- or fat-free cottage cheese

## Broth-based soup

Vegetable-based soups, soups with chicken or beef broth, tomato soups (without cream)

## Whole grains

Brown rice, whole wheat bread, whole wheat pastas, popcorn

Legumes (beans and peas)
Black, red kidney and pinto beans (without added fat), green peas, black-eyed peas

## Lean meat, poultry and fish

Grilled salmon, chicken breast without skin, ground beef (lean or extra lean)

## Technically speaking...

The number of calories in a particular amount or weight of food is called "calorie density" or "energy density." Low-calorie-dense foods are ones that don't pack a lot of calories into each bite.

## A healthy eating plan is one that:

- Emphasizes fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and fatfree or low-fat milk and milk products.
- Includes lean meats, poultry, fish, beans, eggs, and nuts.
- Is low in saturated fats, trans fats, cholesterol, salt (sodium), and added sugars.
- Stays within your calorie needs


## These foods can pack more calories into each bite. Choose them less often...

## Fried foods

Eggs fried in butter, fried vegetables, French fries
Fatty cuts of meat
Bacon, brisket, ground beef (regular)
Full-fat milk products
Full-fat cheese, full-fat ice cream,
whole and $2 \%$ milk
Dry snack foods
Crackers or pretzels, cookies, chips, dried fruits
Higher-fat and higher-sugar foods
Croissants, margarine, shortening and butter, doughnuts, candy bars, cakes and pastries

Foods that have a lot of water or fiber and little fat are usually low in calorie density. They will help you feel full without an unnecessary amount of calories.

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## Make substitutions

## Instead of...

Try...


Fried chicken sandwich
with I tbsp. mayonnaise $=599$ calorie


Cream-based soup
I cup mushroom bisque $=400 \mathrm{cals}$


## Chips or pretzels

1.5 oz. pretzels
= 162 calories


## Grilled chicken salad

 with low-fat dressing2 cups lettuce, 2 oz. grilled chicken breast, 2 tbsp. light balsamic vinaigrette dressing $=178$ calories


## Broth-based soup

I cup minestrone
$=112$ calories


## Baby carrots with hummus

16 baby carrots
with I tbsp. hummus
$=75$ calories

## Good things can come in hig packages

People eat more than they realize when faced with large portion sizes. This usually means eating too many calories. But, not all large portions are created equal. Larger portions of water- and fiber-rich foods, like fruits, vegetables, and broth-based soups, can fill you up with less calories.

## Start with an appetizer

Research shows that if you eat a low-calorie appetizer before a meal, you will eat fewer total calories during the meal. Start your meals with a broth-based soup or a green salad without a large amount of cheese, or croutons.

## Fruits and veggīes: Keep it simple

Most fruits and veggies are low-calorie and will fill you up, but the way you prepare them can change that. Breading and frying, and using high-fat creams or butter with vegetables and fruit will add extra calories. Try steaming vegetables and using spices and low-fat sauces for flavor. And enjoy the natural sweetness of raw fruit.

## What about beverages?

While drinking beverages is important to good health, they don't help you feel full and satisfied the way food does. Choose drinks without calories, like water, sparkling water, or unsweetened iced tea. Drink fat-free or low-fat milk instead of $2 \%$ or whole milk.

## On the front cover:

Chicken, I/2 breast, meat and skin fried with flour, bone removed: 218 calories, 9 g fat, 0 g fiber

Macaroni and cheese made with whole milk, butter, and full-fat cheese, I/2 cup: 270 calories, 14 g fat, I.5g fiber

Baked beans with pork and tomato sauce, I/2 cup: II9 calories, I g fat, 5 g fiber

Total for meal: 607 calories, $\mathbf{2 4 g}$ fat, $\mathbf{6 . 5 \mathrm { g }}$ fiber

Chicken, I/2 breast, bone and skin removed, roasted: 142 calories, 3 g fat, 0 g fiber

Sweet potato, half of one large, baked 8 I calories, 0 g fat, 3 g fiber

Broccoli, Ilarge stalk, cut up (about I cup)
55 calories, $\lg$ fat, 5 g fiber
Tomatoes, 3 slices of a large tomato 15 calories, 0 g fat, 0 g fiber

Total for meal: 293 c alories, 4 g fat, 8 g fiber

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